

Supplemental Material for Ferric Carboxymaltose in Iron-Deficient Patients With Hospitalized Heart Failure and Reduced Kidney Function: A Post Hoc Analysis of AFFIRM-AHF

Authors: Iain C. Macdougall,¹ Piotr Ponikowski,² Austin G. Stack,³ David C. Wheeler,⁴ Stefan D. Anker,⁵ Javed Butler,⁶ Gerasimos Filippatos,⁷ Udo-Michael Göhring,⁸ Bridget-Anne Kirwan,⁹ Vasuki Kumpeson,⁸ Marco Metra,¹⁰ Giuseppe Rosano,¹¹ Frank Ruschitzka,¹² Peter van der Meer,¹³ Sandra Wächter,⁸ and Ewa A. Jankowska²

Contents

Supplemental Figure 1. Prespecified study endpoints by eGFR tertile

Supplemental Figure 2. Mean change in KCCQ-12: (A) overall summary scores, and (B) clinical summary scores by baseline eGFR category (dichotomized)

Supplemental Table 1. Baseline characteristics by eGFR tertile

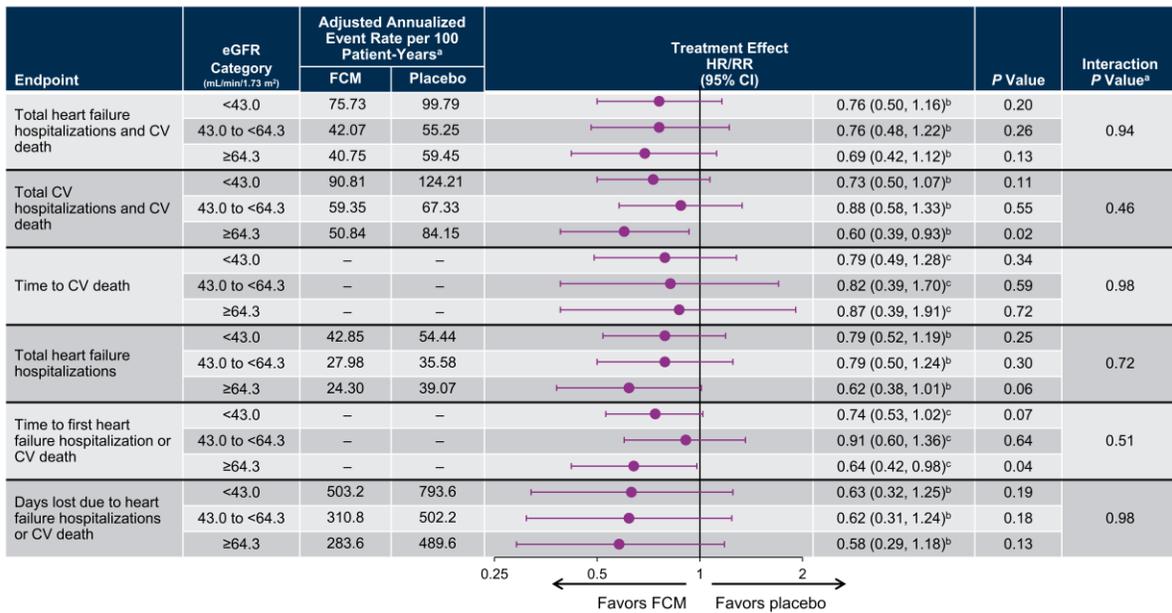
Supplemental Table 2. Study endpoints by dichotomized eGFR category (data supporting Figure 2)

Supplemental Table 3. Primary endpoints by dichotomized eGFR category and subgroups of interest (data supporting Figure 3)

Supplemental Table 4. Study endpoints by eGFR tertiles (data supporting Supplemental Figure 1)

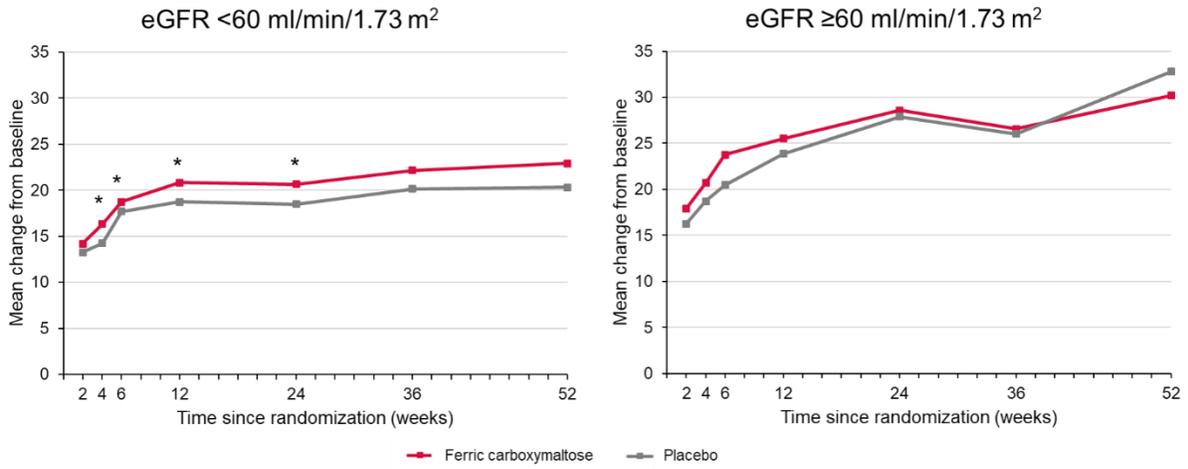
Supplemental Table 5. Adverse events by baseline eGFR tertile

Supplemental Figure 1. Prespecified study endpoints by eGFR tertile. ^aNegative binomial model adjusted for baseline covariates: sex, age, heart failure etiology, heart failure duration, country, baseline eGFR dichotomized, and baseline eGFR dichotomized*treatment. ^bRate ratio. ^cHazard ratio. The number of days lost due to heart failure hospitalizations or cardiovascular death was calculated for each patient, summed for each treatment group, and divided by the total patient-years of follow-up in each treatment group multiplied by 100. A negative binomial model was fitted on the number of days lost due to heart failure hospitalizations or cardiovascular death with the log-transformed time on study of each participant in years as an offset. Unadjusted data included in Supplemental Table 4. CI, confidence interval; CV, cardiovascular; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; FCM, ferric carboxymaltose; HR, hazard ratio; RR, rate ratio.

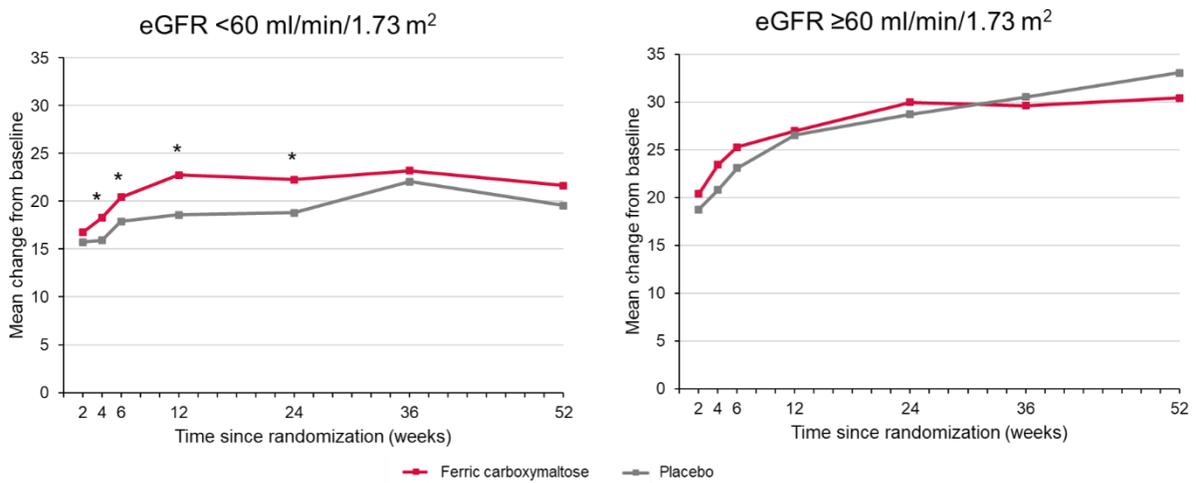


Supplemental Figure 2. Mean change in KCCQ-12: (A) overall summary scores, and (B) clinical summary scores by baseline eGFR category (dichotomized). * $P < 0.05$ for ferric carboxymaltose vs. placebo. eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; KCCQ-12, Kansas City Cardiomyopathy Questionnaire–12.

A



B



Supplemental Table 1. Baseline characteristics by eGFR tertile

| | eGFR <43.0 ml/min/1.73 m ² N=322 | | eGFR 43.0 to <64.3 ml/min/1.73 m ² N=322 | | eGFR ≥64.3 ml/min/1.73 m ² N=323 | |
|---|---|------------------|---|------------------|---|------------------|
| | Ferric carboxymaltose n=157 | Placebo n=165 | Ferric carboxymaltose n=166 | Placebo n=156 | Ferric carboxymaltose n=164 | Placebo n=159 |
| Mean (SD) age, yr | 77 (8) | 75 (10) | 71 (10) | 72 (8) | 67 (12) | 66 (12) |
| Female, n (%) | 72 (46) | 80 (49) | 75 (45) | 72 (46) | 65 (40) | 64 (40) |
| Race, White, n (%) | 150 (96) | 158 (96) | 155 (93) | 149 (96) | 158 (96) | 149 (94) |
| Heart failure etiology, n (%) | | | | | | |
| Ischemic | 81 (52) | 89 (54) | 77 (46) | 77 (49) | 68 (42) | 56 (35) |
| Nonischemic | 72 (46) | 72 (44) | 88 (53) | 73 (47) | 91 (56) | 98 (62) |
| Unknown | 4 (3) | 4 (2) | 1 (0.6) | 6 (4) | 5 (3) | 5 (3) |
| <i>De novo</i> heart failure (no previous diagnosis), n (%) | 34 (22) | 28 (17) | 48 (29) | 54 (35) | 61 (37) | 67 (42) |
| Heart failure hospitalization in prior 1 year, n (%) | 53 (43) | 52 (38) | 36 (31) | 44 (43) | 37 (36) | 34 (37) |
| Diabetes at baseline, n (%) | 72 (46) | 86 (52) | 60 (36) | 69 (44) | 60 (37) | 60 (38) |
| Baseline LVEF | | | | | | |
| Mean (SD) LVEF, % | 33 (10) | 33 (9) | 33 (9) | 33 (10) | 32 (10) | 31 (10) |
| <40%, n (%) | 105 (67) | 105 (64) | 117 (70) | 104 (67) | 117 (71) | 112 (70) |
| ≥40%, n (%) | 52 (33) | 60 (36) | 49 (30) | 52 (33) | 47 (29) | 46 (29) |
| NYHA functional class, n (%) | | | | | | |
| I | 4 (3) | 2 (1) | 2 (1) | 1 (0.6) | 6 (4) | 3 (2) |
| II | 70 (45) | 65 (39) | 76 (46) | 61 (39) | 77 (47) | 78 (49) |
| III | 79 (50) | 93 (56) | 84 (51) | 87 (56) | 77 (47) | 74 (47) |
| IV | 4 (3) | 5 (3) | 4 (2) | 6 (4) | 4 (2) | 3 (2) |
| Hemoglobin category, n (%) | | | | | | |
| | 20 (13) | 27 (16) | 12 (7) | 20 (13) | 10 (6) | 9 (6) |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| <10 g/dl | 120 (76) | 124 (75) | 122 (74) | 113 (72) | 121 (74) | 122 (77) |
| 10–14 g/dl | 16 (10) | 14 (9) | 32 (19) | 23 (15) | 33 (20) | 28 (18) |
| >14 g/dl | | | | | | |
| Anemic, <i>n</i> (%) ^a | | | | | | |
| Male | 61 (39) | 64 (39) | 46 (28) | 49 (31) | 46 (28) | 44 (28) |
| Female | 43 (27) | 54 (33) | 29 (18) | 37 (24) | 20 (12) | 22 (14) |
| Ferritin category, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | | | |
| <100 ng/ml | 118 (75) | 114 (69) | 129 (78) | 116 (74) | 111 (68) | 104 (65) |
| 100–300 ng/ml | 38 (24) | 50 (30) | 37 (22) | 40 (26) | 53 (32) | 55 (35) |
| ≥300 ng/ml | 0 | 1 (0.6) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TSAT <20%, <i>n</i> (%) | 126 (80) | 143 (87) | 130 (78) | 126 (81) | 142 (87) | 135 (85) |
| Mean (SD) phosphate, mg/dl | 3.7 (0.8) | 3.9 (0.9) | 3.6 (0.7) | 3.8 (1.0) | 3.7 (0.7) | 3.7 (0.7) |
| Mean (SD) BNP, pg/ml | 1392 (938) | 1335 (936) | 1330 (650) | 1514 (930) | 1182 (809) | 1554 (924) |
| Mean (SD) NT-proBNP, pg/ml | 7979 (7110) | 7742 (6956) | 6304 (6310) | 6767 (6263) | 5680 (4949) | 5633 (4579) |
| Treatment at baseline, <i>n</i> (%) | | | | | | |
| ACEi or ARB or ARNI | 94 (60) | 107 (65) | 139 (84) | 123 (79) | 133 (81) | 128 (81) |
| BB | 125 (80) | 133 (81) | 143 (86) | 132 (85) | 127 (77) | 138 (87) |
| MRA | 76 (48) | 78 (47) | 125 (75) | 105 (67) | 124 (76) | 126 (79) |
| Triple therapy (ACEi/ARB/ARNI+BB+MRA) | 39 (25) | 42 (26) | 95 (57) | 72 (46) | 82 (50) | 93 (59) |
| SGLT2i | 2 (1) | 2 (1) | 3 (2) | 2 (1) | 0 | 2 (1) |

Percentages may not total 100% as a result of rounding.

^aDefined as hemoglobin <13 g/dl in males and <12 g/dl in females.

ACEi, angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor; ARB, angiotensin receptor blocker; ARNI, angiotensin receptor neprilysin inhibitor; BB, beta-blocker; BNP, B-type natriuretic peptide; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; MRA, mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist; NT-proBNP, N-terminal pro-brain-type natriuretic peptide; NYHA, New York Heart Association; SD, standard deviation; SGLT2i, sodium-glucose cotransporter-2 inhibitor; TSAT, transferrin saturation.

Supplemental Table 2. Study endpoints by dichotomized eGFR category (data supporting Figure 2)

| Endpoint | eGFR Category | n/N (%) | | Annualized Event Rate per 100 Patient-Years | | Rate Difference per 100 Patient-Years | Unadjusted RR |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|---------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | Ferric carboxymaltose | Placebo | Ferric carboxymaltose | Placebo | | |
| Total heart failure hospitalizations and CV death | <60 | 104/292 (36) | 119/288 (41) | 68.96 | 86.30 | 17.34 | 0.80 |
| | ≥60 | 46/195 (24) | 62/192 (32) | 39.93 | 56.89 | 16.96 | 0.70 |
| Total CV hospitalizations and CV death | <60 | 121/292 (41) | 133/288 (46) | 86.10 | 100.35 | 14.25 | 0.86 |
| | ≥60 | 55/195 (28) | 78/192 (41) | 47.91 | 75.28 | 27.37 | 0.64 |
| Time to CV death | <60 | 40/292 (14) | 47/288 (16) | – | – | – | N/A |
| | ≥60 | 17/195 (9) | 19/192 (10) | – | – | – | N/A |
| Total heart failure hospitalizations | <60 | 88/292 (30) | 100/288 (35) | 53.37 | 67.43 | 14.06 | 0.79 |
| | ≥60 | 35/195 (18) | 54/192 (28) | 30.23 | 45.97 | 15.74 | 0.66 |
| Time to first heart failure hospitalization or CV death | <60 | 104/292 (36) | 119/288 (41) | – | – | – | N/A |
| | ≥60 | 46/195 (24) | 62/192 (32) | – | – | – | N/A |
| Days lost due to heart failure hospitalizations or CV death | <60 | 5 (11) ^a | 7 (16) ^a | 546.20 | 854.55 | 308.35 | 0.64 |
| | ≥60 | 2 (7) ^a | 4 (10) ^a | 271.50 | 484.98 | 457.48 | 0.56 |

Event rates and RR not available for time-to-event analyses.

^aPresented as mean (SD) days lost per participant. The number of days lost due to heart failure hospitalizations or cardiovascular death was calculated for each patient, summed for each treatment group, and divided by the total patient-years of follow-up in each treatment group multiplied by 100.

CV, cardiovascular; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; RR, rate ratio.

Supplemental Table 3. Primary endpoints by dichotomized eGFR category and subgroups of interest (data supporting Figure 3)

| Endpoint | eGFR Category | n/N (%) | | Annualized Event Rate per 100 Patient-Years | | Rate Difference per 100 Patient-Years | Unadjusted RR |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|---------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | Ferric carboxymaltose | Placebo | Ferric carboxymaltose | Placebo | | |
| Ischemic heart failure | <60 | 56/145 (39) | 72/154 (47) | 72.86 | 111.52 | 38.66 | 0.65 |
| | ≥60 | 21/81 (26) | 30/68 (44) | 44.58 | 93.15 | 48.57 | 0.48 |
| Nonischemic heart failure | <60 | 47/142 (33) | 44/127 (35) | 65.88 | 56.74 | -9.14 | 1.16 |
| | ≥60 | 23/109 (21) | 30/116 (26) | 35.84 | 38.80 | 2.96 | 0.92 |
| Anemia | <60 | 62/169 (37) | 80/181 (44) | 77.54 | 86.84 | 9.30 | 0.89 |
| | ≥60 | 23/76 (30) | 34/86 (40) | 54.98 | 74.70 | 19.72 | 0.74 |
| No anemia | <60 | 41/122 (34) | 39/104 (38) | 57.08 | 85.32 | 28.24 | 0.67 |
| | ≥60 | 23/119 (19) | 28/106 (26) | 30.13 | 42.98 | 12.85 | 0.70 |
| <i>De novo</i> heart failure | <60 | 19/72 (26) | 14/68 (21) | 44.62 | 24.38 | -20.24 | 1.83 |
| | ≥60 | 10/71 (14) | 14/81 (17) | 17.25 | 23.77 | 6.52 | 0.73 |
| History of heart failure | <60 | 85/220 (39) | 105/220 (48) | 77.21 | 106.61 | 29.4 | 0.72 |
| | ≥60 | 36/124 (29) | 48/111 (43) | 52.89 | 82.40 | 29.51 | 0.64 |

eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; RR, rate ratio; SD, standard deviation.

Supplemental Table 4. Study endpoints by eGFR tertiles (data supporting Supplemental Figure 1)

| Endpoint | eGFR Category | n/N (%) | | Annualized Event Rate per 100 Patient-Years | | Rate Difference per 100 Patient-Years | Unadjusted RR |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|---------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | Ferric carboxymaltose | Placebo | Ferric carboxymaltose | Placebo | | |
| Total heart failure hospitalizations and CV death | <43.0 | 64/157 (41) | 85/165 (52) | 88.16 | 112.17 | 24.01 | 0.79 |
| | 43.0 to <64.3 | 49/166 (30) | 46/156 (30) | 49.63 | 58.16 | 8.53 | 0.85 |
| | ≥64.3 | 37/164 (23) | 50/159 (31) | 37.73 | 54.50 | 16.77 | 0.69 |
| Total CV hospitalizations and CV death | <43.0 | 70/157 (45) | 94/165 (57) | 101.19 | 132.81 | 31.62 | 0.76 |
| | 43.0 to <64.3 | 61/166 (37) | 53/156 (34) | 67.92 | 65.87 | -2.05 | 1.03 |
| | ≥64.3 | 45/164 (27) | 64/159 (40) | 46.49 | 73.82 | 27.33 | 0.63 |
| Time to CV death | <43.0 | 31/157 (20) | 38/165 (23) | – | – | – | N/A |
| | 43.0 to <64.3 | 14/166 (8) | 15/156 (10) | – | – | – | N/A |
| | ≥64.3 | 12/164 (7) | 13/159 (8) | – | – | – | N/A |
| Total heart failure hospitalizations | <43.0 | 51/157 (33) | 67/165 (41) | 64.39 | 84.13 | 19.74 | 0.77 |
| | 43.0 to <64.3 | 43/166 (26) | 43/156 (28) | 40.49 | 47.65 | 7.16 | 0.85 |
| | ≥64.3 | 29/164 (18) | 44/159 (28) | 29.65 | 45.53 | 15.88 | 0.65 |
| Time to first heart failure hospitalization or CV death | <43.0 | 64/157 (41) | 85/165 (52) | – | – | – | N/A |
| | 43.0 to <64.3 | 49/166 (30) | 46/156 (30) | – | – | – | N/A |
| | ≥64.3 | 37/164 (23) | 50/159 (31) | – | – | – | N/A |
| Days lost due to heart failure hospitalizations or CV death | <43.0 | 6 (11) ^a | 9 (17) ^a | 690.68 | 1069.34 | 378.66 | 0.65 |
| | 43.0 to <64.3 | 4 (10) ^a | 6 (16) ^a | 391.82 | 623.63 | 231.81 | 0.63 |
| | ≥64.3 | 2 (7) ^a | 4 (9) ^a | 254.01 | 437.41 | 183.40 | 0.58 |

Event rates and RR not available for time-to-event analyses.

^aPresented as mean (SD) days lost per participant. The number of days lost due to heart failure hospitalizations or cardiovascular death was calculated for each patient, summed for each treatment group, and divided by the total patient-years of follow-up in each treatment group multiplied by 100.

CV, cardiovascular; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; RR, rate ratio; SD, standard deviation.

Supplemental Table 5. Adverse events by baseline eGFR tertile

| | eGFR <43.0 ml/min/1.73 m ² | | | | eGFR 43.0–64.3 ml/min/1.73 m ² | | | | eGFR ≥64.3 ml/min/1.73 m ² | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Ferric carboxymaltose N=157 | | Placebo N=165 | | Ferric carboxymaltose N=166 | | Placebo N=156 | | Ferric carboxymaltose N=164 | | Placebo N=159 | |
| | n (%) | Incidence rate per PY ^a | n (%) | Incidence rate per PY ^a | n (%) | Incidence rate per PY ^a | n (%) | Incidence rate per PY ^a | n (%) | Incidence rate per PY ^a | n (%) | Incidence rate per PY ^a |
| All AEs | 118 (75) | 0.894 | 131 (79) | 0.958 | 107 (65) | 0.692 | 98 (63) | 0.682 | 101 (62) | 0.676 | 98 (62) | 0.668 |
| TEAEs | 115 (73) | 0.871 | 127 (77) | 0.929 | 105 (63) | 0.679 | 93 (60) | 0.647 | 89 (54) | 0.596 | 95 (60) | 0.648 |
| Severe TEAEs | 60 (38) | 0.454 | 76 (46) | 0.556 | 37 (22) | 0.239 | 41 (26) | 0.285 | 38 (23) | 0.382 | 43 (27) | 0.484 |
| Serious TEAEs | 84 (54) | 0.636 | 110 (67) | 0.804 | 71 (43) | 0.459 | 66 (42) | 0.459 | 57 (35) | 0.382 | 71 (45) | 0.484 |
| Serious infection TEAEs | 18 (11) | 0.136 | 17 (10) | 0.124 | 10 (6) | 0.065 | 17 (11) | 0.118 | 6 (4) | 0.040 | 8 (5) | 0.055 |
| TEAEs leading to treatment discontinuation | 23 (15) | 0.174 | 38 (23) | 0.278 | 11 (7) | 0.071 | 29 (11) | 0.118 | 10 (6) | 0.067 | 16 (10) | 0.109 |
| TEAEs of clinical interest ^b | 56 (36) | 0.424 | 70 (42) | 0.512 | 45 (27) | 0.291 | 43 (28) | 0.299 | 21 | 0.234 | 26 | 0.286 |
| Fatal TEAEs | 41 (26) | 0.311 | 43 (26) | 0.314 | 18 (11) | 0.116 | 20 (13) | 0.139 | 18 (11) | 0.121 | 18 (11) | 0.123 |
| Related fatal TEAEs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

^aIncidence rate is computed as the number of all participants with an AE in the treatment group divided by the total participant-years of follow-up in the treatment group. % represents the proportion of patients in the treatment arm experiencing events.

^bAEs of clinical interest include “CV death” and “HF hospitalization.” AEs of special interest include “hypersensitivity reactions,” “hypophosphatemia,” “injection/infusion site reactions,” and “hemosiderosis.”

AE, adverse event; CV, cardiovascular; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; HF, heart failure; PY, patient-year; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.