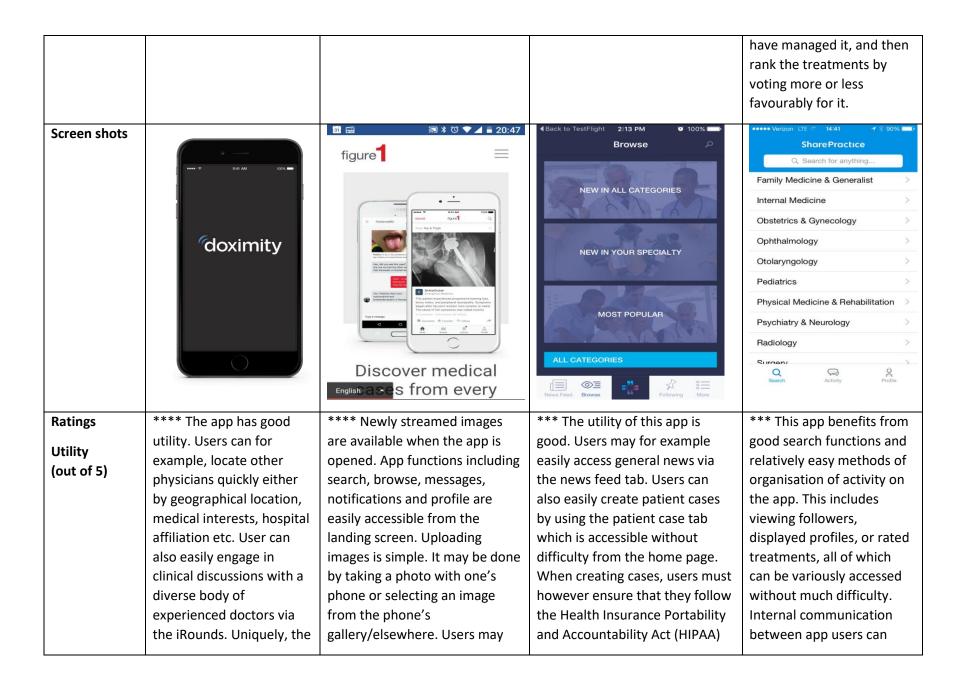
App review

Social Media Apps Reviews

App Name	doximity	figure	SERMO	SharePractice
	DOXIIIILY	Figure 1	SERMO	
Cost	Free	Free	Free	Free
Supported platforms	Android, iPhone, iPad, and iPod Touch (iOS 8.2 or later)	Android 4.0 or later, iPhone, iPad, and iPod Touch (iOS 8.0 or later)	Android, iPhone, iPad, and iPod Touch (iOS 8.0 or later)	iPhone, iPad, and iPod Touch (iOS 7.1 or later)
Functionality	This app provides physicians with a secure social forum where they can network, collaborate with colleagues, and keep up-to-date with the latest medical developments. Membership is open to physicians in the US. The identity of users is not hidden. Medical students and other allied healthcare professionals may also join the forum.	Figure 1 is a medical image sharing crowd-sourced resource. User images are shared worldwide using the social media platform. Membership is open to all healthcare professionals, however only medically qualified individuals (physicians) can be 'verified' in order that that the integrity and veracity of images submitted and user discussions can be maintained.	This social media app is available to verifiable doctors only. The platform offers an anonymous medical community where doctors can engage in frank discussions on many issues. User identity is kept hidden to promote open discussions. Users typically post anonymous material about cases or topics often generating broad or specific discussions on issues.	This collaborative clinical reference app of drugs, herbs and supplements is available to verifiable healthcare professionals. Members who are doctors can rank the efficacy of drugs, herbs or supplements. The app draws information on diagnosis from various external medical databases. Users can search specific conditions, see how other doctors



	app also offers secure	caption uploaded images or	guidelines. From the home page,	been improved to further
	electronic faxing using	pose questions and arrows may	users can also engage in general	enhance user utility.
	Health Insurance	be used to highlight specific	discussions, browsing and	ermanee aser acmey.
	Portability and	aspects of images. The app's	following specific topics of	
	Accountability Act	face detection algorithm will	discussion or specific clinical	
	(HIPAA)-secure medical-	automatically block out faces or	interests.	
	grade encryption	other patient identifying	micrests.	
	standards.	information thus maintaining		
	Standards.	confidentiality. Patient consent		
		for images is uploaded digitally.		
		To images is uploaded digitally.		
Intuitive (out of 5)	*** This social media platform engages its users in a conducive and professionally meaningful manner. The social context within which it operates does not appear to detract from an educationally beneficial milieu for physicians.	*** Figure 1 provides a useful and dynamic interactive social platform where physicians can access an extensive database of medical images across numerous specialities with the aim of improving patient care.	** This resource will appeal to physicians who wish to engage in open discussions on a wide range of issues, whilst simultaneously maintaining anonymity.	** A peer-based clinical decision reference app which will also be beneficial to users with an added interest in natural medicine.
Visually attractive (out of 5)	*** The visuals are reasonably attractive and well laid out without much difficulty with engagement.	****As with any crowd-sourced image resource, there are some low resolution images, but overall these do not detract too much from the positive visual experience.	*** The display and design of the app is visually appealing, making the user experience pleasurable.	*** The visual displays are clear with simple colour schemes which work overall reasonably well.

Information	*** For an app whose	**** The educational content of	** The quality and content of	** The reference material
and content	main purpose is to	this crowd-sourced image	information, most of which is	in the app is appropriate.
(out of 5)	encourage social	database is very good. It is	aimed at improving patient care	Significant weight is given
	networking among	important to note that	is determined by users according	to expert evidence. Users
	physicians, it also offers	contributors are responsible for	to questions posed and	may wish to weigh
	users other useful	ensuring the veracity of any	responses received amongst	information carefully and
	features beyond just social	images and comments they	users.	apply accordingly to their
	networking with contents	upload.		practice.
	pitched at a level which			
	adequately engages users.			
Overell retire	***	***	**	**
Overall rating				

Rating system for app reviews

- ***** Extremely useful (can't live without)
- **** Very useful (has significant advantages)
- *** Useful (has advantages)
- ** Has some uses (might be worth using)
- * Not useful (don't bother using)

Commentary

The use of medical apps in supporting the work of clinicians has become increasingly popular. These apps are usually generic in content or specialty specific. In the last few years' however, newer trends have emerged, with the introduction of social media apps specifically tailored at clinicians, including doctors. These social media platforms are usually not accessible to the public. Their purpose is to encourage social collaboration, professional networking and sharing information on current practice issues. These platforms are common in the United States, but they are becoming more common in Europe and other parts of the world. To become registered users, app developers often require verification of medical qualifications and each app provider has its own regulations on qualification verification. This may include the submission of information such as medical diploma certificates, proof of GMC/medical licence to practice, photo IDs e.g. passport or work ID and/or a verifiable institutional email address for user authentication. In using these platforms, doctors in the United Kingdom in particular will need to be aware of the GMC's 2013 guidelines on doctors' use of social media [1]. Of importance are issues around confidentiality, professionalism, privacy and anonymity. Confidentiality could potentially be an issue where users of these sites make improper disclosures whether intentionally or unintentionally. Regarding professionalism, UK licenced doctors are expected to maintain the same professional standards when communicating on social media platforms, as they would if they were communicating through traditional media. Privacy standards are no different and UK licenced doctors should be aware of any blurring of boundaries between public and private life and indeed any limitations of privacy whilst on these platforms. Anonymity is another important area and the GMC's 2013 guidelines makes it clear that if you identify yourself as a doctor in publicly accessible social media, then you should also identify yourself by name and be cognisant that contents uploaded anonymously can, in many cases, be traced back to its point of origin. Overall however, there are benefits to these social media platforms. These include engaging the public in public health and policy issues, facilitating information to patients in simple and accessible formats and establishing national and international professional networks amongst doctors for the advancement of scientific knowledge [1].

Reference

1. General Medical Council. Doctors' Use of Social Media (2013); available at http://www.gmc-uk.org/guidance/ethical-guidance/21186.asp, [accessed, 7 October 2016].

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